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The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CHARLES F. GETTEMY, Director

State of Mass.

LABOR BULLETIN No. 75

**IMMIGRANT ALIENS DESTINED FOR AND
EMIGRANT ALIENS DEPARTED
FROM MASSACHUSETTS**

1909



AUGUST, 1910

**BOSTON
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MASSACHUSETTS

BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Rooms 250-258, State House, Boston.

The Bureau is organized into four permanent divisions: (1) the *Labor Division*, engaged in the collection and tabulation of Statistics of Strikes and Lockouts, Changes in Rates of Wages and Hours of Labor, Labor Organizations, Employment, and other data relative to the condition of labor in the Commonwealth; (2) the *Manufactures Division*, which collects and tabulates Statistics of Manufactures; (3) the *Municipal Division*, which collects and tabulates Statistics of Municipal Finances; (4) the *Free Employment Offices Division*, embracing the administration of the State Free Employment Offices, of which there are three, located respectively at 8 Kneeland Street, Boston; 24 Bridge Street, Springfield; and in the Bradford-Durfee Textile School Building, Fall River. During the period of taking and compiling the Census a fifth, the *Census Division*, is organized.

The functions of the Bureau and the duties of the Director are summarized in Sections 1 and 3 of Chapter 371 of the Acts of 1909, entitled "An Act to Provide for a Bureau of Statistics," as follows:

SECTION 1. There shall be a Bureau of Statistics, the duties of which shall be to collect, assort, arrange, and publish statistical information relative to the commercial, industrial, social, educational, and sanitary condition of the people, the productive industries of the Commonwealth, and the financial affairs of the cities and towns; to establish and maintain free employment offices as provided for by chapter four hundred and thirty-five of the acts of the year nineteen hundred and six and amendments thereof; and to take the decennial census of the Commonwealth required by the Constitution and present the results thereof in such manner as the General Court may determine.

SECTION 3. The director of the Bureau of Statistics shall annually on or before the third Wednesday in January submit to the General Court a statement summarizing the work of the bureau during the preceding year, and shall make therein such recommendations as he may deem proper. He shall also prepare annually, for distribution as public documents, a report on the statistics of labor, which shall embody statistical and other information relating especially to labor affairs in the Commonwealth; a report on the statistics of manufactures, to be gathered as hereinafter more particularly provided for; a report on the financial statistics of the cities and towns of the Commonwealth, to be gathered as hereinafter more particularly provided for; and a report covering the work of the free employment offices. . . . The director may also publish, at such intervals as he deems expedient, bulletins or special reports relative to industrial or economic matters and municipal affairs. . . .

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

LABOR BULLETIN, No. 75.

AUGUST, 1910.

IMMIGRANT ALIENS¹ DESTINED FOR AND EMIGRANT ALIENS² DEPARTED FROM MASSACHUSETTS, 1909.

1. Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts.

The material presented in this bulletin, and referring particularly to Massachusetts, has been selected from the Annual Reports of the Commissioner-General of Immigration for the years ending June 30. Similar presentations of this nature for prior years have been published by this Bureau in Labor Bulletins No. 38 (December, 1905), No. 49 (May, 1907), No. 56 (January, 1908), and No. 63 (April, 1909).

Numerically considered, Massachu-

sets has always been one of the leading States in this country as a declared destination for immigrants. For the last nine years³ it has been either third or fourth in rank, having been exceeded only by New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois.

The actual number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts has shown a steady increase for each year over the preceding year since 1895, with the exception of the years 1897, 1898,

TABLE I.—Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts and Total Number Admitted to the United States, with Percentages: By Years, 1900-1909.

YEARS.	Number of Immigrant Aliens whose Destina- tion was Massachusetts	Total Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to the United States	Percentages of Total Immigrant Aliens whose Destination was Massachusetts
1900,	39,474	448,572	8.80
1901,	41,789	487,918	8.56
1902,	50,939	648,743	7.85
1903,	65,757	857,046	7.67
1904,	58,411	812,870	7.19
1905,	72,151	1,026,499	7.03
1906, ⁴	73,863	1,100,735	6.71
1907, ⁴	85,553	1,285,349	6.66
1908, ⁴	57,303	782,870	7.32
1909, ⁴	61,197	751,786	8.14
1900-1909,	606,467	8,202,388	7.39

¹ An "immigrant alien" is a person, not already a citizen of the United States, who enters this country with the avowed intention of settling here and who is not returning to resume a domicile formerly acquired here.

² An "emigrant alien" is a person, not already a citizen of the United States, whose permanent residence has been in the United States, who intends to reside permanently abroad and who is not making a temporary trip abroad.

³ The years referred to throughout this article are in each case the years ending June 30.

⁴ In this table the returns for the years 1906-1909 are not strictly comparable with those for the earlier years because in 1905 and in prior years all aliens arriving at ports of the United States, with the exception of those merely in transit to other countries, were reported as "alien arrivals." During the years 1906-1909 there have been segregated from those arriving not only aliens in transit, but all aliens returning from visits abroad to resume previously established permanent domiciles in the United States, and all coming simply as visitors or tourists with the intention of returning to homes abroad. The totals for the years 1899 to 1905 are directly comparable with each other as they stand in the table.

1904, and 1908. During the years 1892-1895 there was an increase each year in the proportion of immigrant alien arrivals in the United States who declared their destination to be Massachusetts, but the proportion fell from 11.61 per cent in 1895 to 10.65 per cent in 1896, remained the same in 1897, decreased to 10.40 per cent in 1898, and since 1898 has shown a steady decrease until in 1907 the percentage was only 6.66. In 1908, however, a slight increase to 7.32 per cent in the proportion destined for Massachusetts was observed, and in 1909 the proportion was further increased to 8.14 per cent.

The total number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts during the year 1909 was 61,197, this number being 3,894 or 6.80 per cent more than the total (57,303) for the fiscal year 1908, but 24,386 or 28.49 per cent less than the total for the year 1907 (85,583), the record year in immigration.

The year ending June 30, 1908, was one of general industrial depression throughout the United States, and resulted in a reduction of the demand for labor in this country. The effect of the depression was evidenced, in a large measure, by a decrease in the volume of immigration to the United States. The figures for Massachusetts for that

year also showed a corresponding decrease. It will be observed, however, that the year ending June 30, 1909, witnessed a return to an increase in immigration of foreigners to this State. Although there was a slight decrease in the number of alien immigrants admitted to the United States in 1909 over that of the preceding year, immigration is rapidly reassuming what for a number of years has been its average proportions from which there was in the fiscal year 1908, and the first half of the past fiscal year, a decided but temporary departure. One principal cause has operated to bring about an increased foreign immigration. Undoubtedly the demand for labor has improved somewhat during the past year, and the impression has spread throughout Europe that industrial conditions are rapidly regaining the extreme prosperity that marked the years immediately preceding the depression of 1907-08; and "trading upon this improvement and magnifying it beyond all reasonable limits, those interested in the steerage passenger carrying business have made it a means of increasing their revenues."¹

In the first table it was shown that during the 10-year period, 1900-1909 inclusive, 606,467 immigrant aliens, or

TABLE II.—*Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts and Total Number Admitted to the United States, with Percentages: By Races, 1909.*

RACES OR PEOPLES.	Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1909	Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to the United States, 1909	Percentages of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachu- sets, 1909
Italian,	14,700	190,398	7.72
Polish,	8,151	77,565	10.51
Irish,	5,639	31,185	18.08
French,	4,383	19,423	22.57
English,	4,379	39,021	11.22
Hebrew,	3,667	57,551	6.37
Greek,	3,202	20,262	15.80
Portuguese,	2,897	4,606	62.90
Lithuanian,	2,612	15,254	17.12
Scandinavian,	1,917	34,996	5.48
Finish,	1,910	11,687	16.34
Scotch,	1,770	16,446	10.76
Armenian,	1,099	3,108	35.36
Russian,	959	10,038	9.55
German,	776	58,534	1.33
All others,	3,136	161,712	1.94
Totals,	61,197	751,786	8.14

¹ Annual Report of the Commissioner-General of Immigration for the year ending June 30, 1909.

7.39 per cent of the total number (8,202,388) admitted to the United States, were destined for this State.

The next table shows, by races or peoples, for the year ending June 30, 1909, the number of immigrant aliens admitted to the United States, the number destined for Massachusetts, and the corresponding percentages. In this table the 15 leading races, from the standpoint of the number destined for Massachusetts, are arranged in order, and among these races specified may or may not be included the leading races so far as the numbers of persons admitted to the United States are concerned. In fact, for a number of races there was a large immigration into the United States, but of these such a comparatively small number were destined for Massachusetts that they are not individually specified in the tables in this article.

The Italians, with 14,700 persons declaring their destination to be Massachusetts in 1909, numerically outclassed all other nationalities, but this number represented only 7.72 per cent of the total number of Italian aliens admitted to the United States during that year. Following the Italians in order of importance as to the number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts the leading races or peoples are as follows: Polish, 8,151; Irish, 5,639; French, 4,383; English, 4,379; Hebrew, 3,667; Greek, 3,202; Portuguese, 2,897, and Lithuanian, 2,612. Without reference to the actual numbers of each race destined for Massachusetts it may be observed that 62.90 per cent of the

Portuguese immigrant aliens admitted to the United States were destined for Massachusetts (as compared with 49.63 per cent in 1908), and the corresponding percentages for races or peoples showing over 10 per cent so destined were: Armenian, 35.36; French, 22.57; Irish, 18.08; Lithuanian, 17.12; Finnish, 16.34; Greek, 15.80; English, 11.22; Scotch, 10.76; and Polish, 10.51.

The large percentages destined for Massachusetts may indicate that this State has particular attractions for the races or peoples just mentioned.

The French, Finnish, and Armenians, while not numerically of great importance, indicate their preference for Massachusetts over other States by sending to Massachusetts, particularly in the case of the Armenians, a large percentage of the total immigration into the United States. Of certain other races referred to above which come to the United States in large numbers, comparatively few of each have declared Massachusetts to be their destination. Thus out of 28,704 Magyars admitted to the United States in 1909 only 60 were destined for Massachusetts; of 20,181 Croatians and Slovenians, only 44; of 6,214 Bulgarians, Servians, and Montenegrins, only 70; of 3,275 Japanese, only eight; of 22,586 Slovaks, only 123; of 15,808 Ruthenians (Russniak), only 516; and of 6,850 Bohemians and Moravians, only 44.¹

For comparison with Table II, the following table (Table III) for the five-year period, 1905-1909, has been compiled. In this table the races or peoples are arranged in order of importance

¹ It may be of interest to the reader to know what States these races were destined for: Of the 28,704 Magyars admitted to the United States in 1909, 8,085 were destined for Pennsylvania, 5,036 for Ohio, 4,639 for New York, 4,584 for New Jersey, and 6,400 for 37 other States and Territories. Of the 20,181 Croatians and Slovenians, 6,066, were destined for Pennsylvania, 3,181 for Illinois, 1,783 for Ohio, 1,543 for New York, 1,222 for Minnesota, and 7,608 for 42 other States and Territories. Of the 6,214 Bulgarians, Servians, and Montenegrins, 1,095 were destined for Ohio, 1,096 for Illinois, 1,033 for Pennsylvania, and 3,000 for 38 other States and Territories. Of the 3,275 Japanese, 1,679 were destined for Hawaii, 923 for California, 399 for Washington, and 722 for 29 other States and Territories. Of the 22,586 Slovaks, 10,467 were destined for Pennsylvania, 3,033 for New York, 2,324 for Illinois, 2,047 for New Jersey, and 4,718 for 39 other States and Territories. Of the 15,808 Ruthenians (Russniak), 6,364 were destined for Pennsylvania, 4,085 for New York, 2,136 for New Jersey, 1,822 for Ohio, and 3,223 for 34 other States and Territories. Of the 6,850 Bohemians and Moravians (Czechs), 1,703 were destined for Illinois, 1,279 for New York, 1,033 for Pennsylvania, and 2,835 for 41 other States and Territories.

of the total number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts for the five-year period referred to.

For this five-year period, 1905-1909, the order of the seven leading races of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts, numerically considered, was Italian, Polish, Irish, Hebrew, English, Portuguese, and Greek. The Italians easily held first place for the five-year

period as a whole and also in 1909. The Polish and the Irish respectively held the second and third places for the year 1909 as well as for the five-year period, 1905-1909. The most notable change in rank was in the case of the French, who held the fourth place for the year 1909, but ranked twelfth for the five-year period, 1905-1909.

TABLE III.—*Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts and Total Number Admitted to the United States, with Percentages: By Races, 1905-1909.*

RACES OR PEOPLES.	Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1905-09	Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to the United States, 1905-09	Percentages of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1905-09
Italian,	75,607	1,132,840	6.67
Polish,	41,995	481,975	8.71
Irish,	38,139	201,543	18.92
Hebrew,	37,324	593,778	6.29
English,	26,579	235,147	11.30
Portuguese,	20,901	34,647	60.33
Greek,	20,598	130,624	15.77
Scandinavian,	14,967	241,655	6.19
Lithuanian,	13,145	87,719	14.99
Finnish,	10,654	64,441	16.53
Scotch,	10,367	86,533	11.97
French,	7,551	63,422	11.91
German,	5,189	393,681	1.32
Russian,	4,215	53,516	7.88
Armenian,	4,006	12,824	31.24
All others,	18,860	1,132,864	1.66
Totals,	350,097	4,947,239	7.08

Table IV shows by occupations the number of immigrant aliens admitted to the United States, the number destined for Massachusetts, and the corresponding percentages for the year ending June 30, 1909. From this table for 1909 it appears that 5.50 per cent of the alien arrivals having professional occupations declared their destination to be Massachusetts, as did also 9.08 per cent of the skilled workmen, and 8.63 per cent of the miscellaneous unskilled labor. Notably large percentages of textile workers (not specified), weavers and spinners, and shoemakers, were destined for Massachusetts, the percentages being, respectively, 56.22 per cent, 32.44 per cent, and 11.82 per cent. Of the 174,800 laborers admitted to the United States, 16,341, or 9.35

per cent, declared their destination to be this State, and of the 64,568 servants, 9,176, or 14.21 per cent, similarly declared their destination. No marked change in the distribution of the number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts among the several occupations specified in 1909, as compared with the distribution for the four prior years, is noticeable, for which reason a comparative table for 1909 and prior years is not submitted in this connection.

Comparatively few immigrants of certain occupations which come to the United States in large numbers, have declared Massachusetts to be their destination.

Of the 674 actors admitted into the United States in 1909, only 10 were destined for Massachusetts; of the

6,573 miners, only 162; of 2,127 bakers, only 138; of 8,914 farmers, only 481, of 8,643 merchants and dealers, only 392.¹

TABLE IV.—Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts and Total Number Admitted to the United States, with Percentages: By Races, 1909.

OCCUPATIONS.	Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1909	Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to the United States, 1909	Percentages of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1909
<i>Professional,</i>	445	8,086	5.50
Teachers,	117	1,243	9.41
Clergy,	64	771	8.30
Engineers (professional),	57	1,397	4.08
Musicians,	47	714	6.55
Others,	160	3,961	4.04
<i>Skilled,</i>	7,914	57,160	9.08
Weavers and spinners,	1,114	3,434	32.44
Tailors,	791	10,449	7.57
Carpenters and joiners,	710	8,606	8.25
Shoemakers,	661	5,592	11.82
Clerks and accountants,	585	7,825	7.48
Textile workers (not specified),	357	635	56.22
Dressmakers,	319	3,757	8.49
Masons,	273	3,860	7.07
Mariners,	254	3,763	6.75
Seamstresses,	246	2,912	8.45
Painters and glaziers,	204	2,086	9.78
Blacksmiths,	192	2,681	7.16
Others,	2,208	31,560	7.00
<i>Miscellaneous,</i>	37,545	435,247	8.63
Laborers,	16,341	174,800	9.35
Farm laborers,	10,401	171,310	6.07
Servants,	9,176	64,568	14.21
Others,	1,627	24,569	6.62
<i>No occupation (including women and children),</i>	15,293	221,293	6.91
Totals,	61,197	751,786	8.14

Tables V and VI (page 6) present the detailed information for each of the five years included in the five-year period covered by Table III. By reference to Table V one may observe the fluctuation in the numbers of aliens destined for Massachusetts during each of the successive years, 1905–1909. The increase in the number of immigrant aliens destined for Massachusetts over the corresponding figures for 1908 is made up principally from the number of arrivals of three different nationalities, the Italian race showing an additional number over its quota for last year of 4,991, the French of 2,952, and the Polish of 2,089. In the case of each

race specified in Table V the number destined for Massachusetts in 1909 was less than the average for the five-year period, 1905–1909, with the exception of three races (Russian, French, and Armenian), which showed a larger immigration than the average for the five-year period. Of the 15 races specified, seven (the Italian, Polish, French, Lithuanian, Scandinavian, Finnish, and Armenian) showed a larger number destined for Massachusetts in 1909 than in 1908. With the exception of the Armenians the figures for these same races showed a larger immigration to the United States in 1909 than in 1908. (See Table VI.)

¹ It may be of interest to the reader to know what States the immigrants of these occupations were destined for: Of the 674 actors admitted to the United States in 1909, 469 were destined for New York and 205 for 21 other States and Territories. Of the 6,573 miners, 1,127 were destined for Pennsylvania, 803 for Illinois, 560 for Michigan, 472 for Washington, and 3,611 for 46 other States and Territories. Of the 2,127 bakers, 783 were destined for New York, 186 for Illinois, and 1,158 for 41 other States and Territories. Of the 8,940 farmers, 1,334 were destined for New York, 889 for Illinois, 791 for Pennsylvania, 499 for California, and 5,900 for 48 other States and Territories. Of the 8,643 merchants and dealers, 4,124 were destined for New York, 984 for California, 521 for Pennsylvania, and 2,503 for 48 other States and Territories.

TABLE V.—Comparative Statement Showing the Number of Immigrant Aliens Destined for Massachusetts, 1905-1909: By Races.

RACES OR PEOPLES.	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1905-1909
Italian,	13,758	18,089	19,351	9,709	14,700	75,607
Polish,	8,388	7,788	11,606	6,062	8,151	41,995
Irish,	11,739	7,530	6,896	6,335	5,639	38,139
French,	559	615	563	1,421	4,383	7,551
English,	6,210	5,129	5,586	5,275	4,379	26,579
Hebrew,	9,097	9,052	9,027	6,481	3,667	37,324
Greek,	2,108	3,879	7,293	4,116	3,202	20,598
Portuguese,	2,909	6,042	5,674	3,379	2,897	20,901
Lithuanian,	2,464	2,050	3,906	2,113	2,612	13,145
Scandinavian,	4,335	3,723	3,189	1,803	1,917	14,967
Finnish,	3,198	2,219	2,275	1,052	1,910	10,654
Scotch,	2,183	1,998	2,503	1,913	1,770	10,367
Armenian,	659	523	685	1,040	1,099	4,006
Russian,	222	339	1,217	1,478	959	4,215
German,	1,018	1,285	1,156	954	776	5,189
All others,	3,304	3,602	4,656	4,162	3,136	18,860
Totals,	72,151	73,863	85,583	57,303	61,197	350,097

TABLE VI.—Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to the United States, 1905-1909: By Races.

RACES OR PEOPLES.	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1905-1909
Italian,	226,320	286,814	291,061	135,247	190,398	1,132,840
Polish,	102,437	95,835	138,033	68,105	77,565	481,975
Irish,	54,266	49,959	38,706	36,427	31,185	201,543
French,	11,347	10,379	9,392	12,881	19,423	63,422
English,	50,865	45,079	51,126	49,056	39,021	235,147
Hebrew,	129,910	153,748	149,182	103,387	57,551	593,778
Greek,	12,144	23,127	46,283	28,808	20,262	130,624
Portuguese,	4,855	8,729	9,648	6,899	4,606	34,647
Lithuanian,	18,604	14,257	25,884	13,720	15,254	87,719
Scandinavian,	62,254	58,141	53,425	32,789	34,996	241,635
Finnish,	17,012	14,136	14,860	6,746	11,687	64,441
Scotch,	16,144	16,463	20,516	17,014	16,446	86,583
Armenian,	1,878	1,895	2,644	3,299	3,108	12,824
Russian,	3,746	5,814	16,807	17,111	10,038	53,516
German,	82,369	86,813	92,936	73,038	58,534	393,681
All others,	232,327	238,546	321,846	178,433	161,712	1,132,864
Totals,	1,026,499	1,100,735	1,285,349	782,870	751,786	4,947,239

2. Emigrant Aliens Departed from Massachusetts.

The following tables furnish certain details with regard to emigrant aliens who have left this State during the fiscal year, giving comparisons between the inward and the outward alien move-

ment for the years 1908 and 1909. It has not been found practicable to gather like information for the years prior to 1908.

TABLE VII.—Number of Emigrant Aliens, whose Last Permanent Residence was Massachusetts, 1908 and 1909: By Races.

RACES OR PEOPLES.	Number of Emigrant Aliens whose Last Permanent Residence was Massachusetts, 1909	Number of Emigrant Aliens whose Last Permanent Residence was Massachusetts, 1908	Percentages of Total Number of Alien Emigrants who Left Massachusetts in 1909
Italian,	6,150	7,258	49.06
Polish,	1,585	2,659	12.64
Greek,	785	899	6.26
English,	605	507	4.83
Portuguese,	443	558	3.54
Lithuanian,	284	419	2.27
Irish,	270	334	2.15
African (black),	262	240	2.09
Syrian,	211	232	1.68
Russian,	189	263	1.51
Hebrew,	179	221	1.43
Scandinavian,	171	340	1.37
German,	161	179	1.28
Armenian,	149	39	1.19
Scotch,	144	178	1.15
French,	118	107	0.94
Finnish,	104	422	0.83
All others,	725	811	5.75
Totals,	12,535	15,666	100.00

TABLE VIII.—Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to and Number of Emigrant Aliens Departed from Massachusetts in 1909: By Races.

RACES OR PEOPLES.	Number of Immigrant Aliens Admitted to Massachusetts, 1909	Number of Emigrant Aliens Departed from Massachusetts, 1909	Increases
Italian,	14,700	6,150	8,550
Polish,	8,151	1,585	6,566
Irish,	5,639	270	5,369
French,	4,383	118	4,265
English,	4,379	605	3,774
Hebrew,	3,667	179	3,488
Greek,	3,202	785	2,417
Portuguese,	2,897	443	2,454
Lithuanian,	2,612	284	2,328
Scandinavian,	1,917	171	1,746
Finnish,	1,910	104	1,806
Scotch,	1,770	144	1,626
Armenian,	1,099	149	950
Russian,	959	189	770
German,	776	161	615
All others,	3,136	1,198	1,938
Totals,	61,197	12,535	48,662

It will be observed that during the past year there has been an influx of 61,197 aliens of the immigrant class; and that 12,535 of the emigrant class

have left the State. Deducting the latter total from the former the figures show a net increase of 48,662 in the alien population by immigration in this

State for the year 1909. Even from this number, however, to arrive at an absolutely accurate conclusion, it would be necessary to deduct the number of naturalized citizens who have left this State for permanent residence abroad, and it is impossible to obtain from existing records figures covering such naturalized citizens.

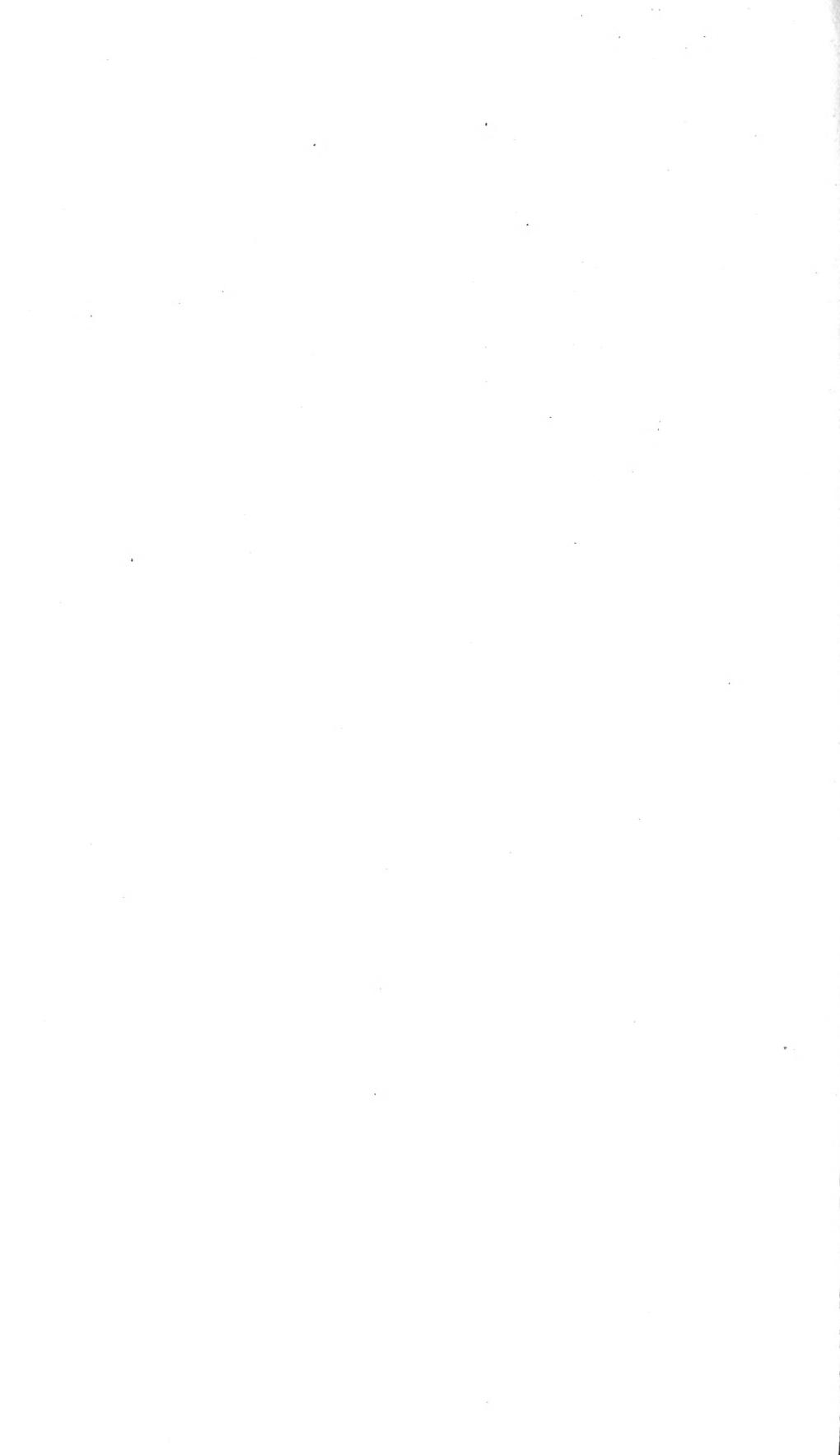
Table IX is so arranged as to show the effect of emigration upon different trades or occupations, for the years 1908 and 1909. Of the 12,535 emigrant aliens who left Massachusetts during 1909, 0.58 per cent had professional occupations, 9.57 per cent were skilled workmen, 72.68 per cent unskilled, and

17.17 per cent had no particular occupation. Relatively these percentages are about the same for the preceding year, the corresponding percentages being 0.36, 9.81, 74.77, and 15.06.

Of the common unskilled alien laborers 16,341 entered this State in 1909, and 7,935 departed as compared with the arrival of 7,914 skilled workmen of the immigrant alien class, and a departure of 1,200 of the emigrant class. These figures seem to bear out the general impression that the so-called "bird-of-passage" element of our immigration is constituted largely of the unskilled.

TABLE IX.—*Number of Emigrant Aliens Departed from Massachusetts in 1908 and 1909: By Occupations.*

OCCUPATIONS.	Number of Emigrant Aliens whose Last Permanent Resi- dence was Massachusetts, 1909	Number of Emigrant Aliens whose Last Permanent Resi- dence was Massachusetts, 1908	Percentages of Total Number of Emigrant Aliens Departed from Massachusetts in 1909
<i>Professional,</i>	72	57	0.58
Teachers,	26	13	0.21
Clergy,	9	6	0.07
Physicians,	6	3	0.05
Engineers (professional),	5	6	0.04
Musicians,	5	12	0.04
Others,	21	17	0.17
<i>Skilled,</i>	1,200	1,537	9.57
Textile workers (not specified),	144	404	1.15
Miners,	107	106	0.85
Carpenters and joiners,	93	105	0.74
Clerks and accountants,	78	64	0.62
Shoemakers,	76	100	0.61
Weavers and spinners,	70	149	0.56
Masons,	64	29	0.51
Tailors,	63	81	0.50
Mariners,	45	32	0.36
Dressmakers,	40	28	0.32
Barbers and hairdressers,	39	35	0.31
Machinists,	34	77	0.27
Seamstresses,	34	13	0.27
Blacksmiths,	28	28	0.22
Painters and glaziers,	25	26	0.20
Others,	260	260	2.08
<i>Miscellaneous,</i>	9,111	11,713	72.68
Laborers,	7,935	10,517	63.30
Servants,	666	692	5.31
Merchants and dealers,	153	145	1.22
Farmers,	136	89	1.08
Farm laborers,	26	52	0.21
Others,	195	218	1.56
<i>No occupation (including women and children),</i>	2,152	2,359	17.17
Totals,	12,535	15,666	100.00





B. P. L. Bradley
SEP 28 1911

